ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	<u>Number</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 - 8
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	9
Statement of Activities	10 - 11
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	12 - 13
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	15 - 16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	17
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	19
Statement of Cash Flows	20
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	21
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	22
Notes to the Financial Statements	23 - 39
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	40 - 41
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Road & Bridge Fund	42

Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension	42 44
Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios	43 - 44
Schedule of Employer Contributions	45
Notes to Schedule of Employer Contributions	46
Schedule of Changes in the County's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	47 - 48
Notes to Other Post Employment Benefits	49
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	50
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
Road and Bridge Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	51 - 52
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	53 - 54
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	55 - 60
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	61 – 66
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Abandoned Motor Vehicle Fund	67
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Child Abuse Prevention Fund	68
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Child Welfare Fund	69
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Commissary Telephone Fund	70
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Construction Grants Fund	71
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – County Clerk Records Management Fund	72
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – County Records Management Fund	73
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – County Specialty Court Fund	74
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Courthouse Security Fund	75
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Courthouse Security - JP's Fund	76
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – District Attorney Forfeiture Fund	77

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – District Attorney Hot Check Fund	78
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – District Clerk Records Management Fund	79
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Elections Administration Fund	80
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Federal & State Relief Fund	81
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Flood Control Fund	82
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Historical Commission Fund	83
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Justice Court Technology Fund	84
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Juvenile Probation Discretion Fund	85
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Juvenile Probation Grant Fund	86
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Law Enforcement Officers Education Fund	87
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Law Library Fund	88
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Memorial Library Fund	89
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Sheriff Forfeiture Fund	90
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Truancy Prevention & Diversion Fund	91
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	92 - 93
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with the Texas Grant Management Standards	94 - 96
Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards	97
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards	98
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	99
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	100





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Jackson County, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, Texas, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement due date, including any currently know information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

1



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards, as required by the Texas Grant Management Standards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2024, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Waco, Texas June 28, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

As management of Jackson County, Texas, we offer readers of Jackson County, Texas' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Jackson County, Texas for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of Jackson County, Texas exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$21,525,884 (net position). Of this amount, \$6,863,532 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position increased by \$2,525,410. This increase is attributable to an increase in property taxes and investment income during the current year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Jackson County, Texas' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,459,816, an increase of \$1,466,546 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 59% of this total amount, \$7,380,812 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$7,380,812, or 63% percent of total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Jackson County, Texas' basic financial statements. Jackson County, Texas' basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Jackson County, Texas' finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of Jackson County, Texas' assets, and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Jackson County, Texas is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Jackson County, Texas that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Jackson County, Texas include general administration, public safety, environmental protection, public transportation, health and welfare, public facilities, legal, elections, financial administration, conservation, capital projects, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of Jackson County, Texas include an airport fund, and a commissary fund.

The government-wide financial statements include only Jackson County, Texas itself (known as the primary government).

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Jackson County, Texas, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintained 31 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Road and Bridge Fund, the Coastal Impact Assistance Fund, and the American Rescue Plan Fund, all of which are major funds. Data from the other twenty-seven (27) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Jackson County, Texas adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and road and bridge funds, and this report includes a budgetary comparison schedule for each.

Jackson County, Texas also has custodial funds presented in this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning Jackson County, Texas' progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and post-retirement benefits to its employees.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the general fund, the major road and bridge funds, the non-major governmental funds, and the non-major proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Jackson County, Texas, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$21,525,884 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of Jackson County, Texas' net position (47%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, infrastructure, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Jackson County, Texas uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Jackson County, Texas' investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

TABLE 1 JACKSON COUNTY, TEXAS NET POSITION

		Governmer	ntal A	ctivities	Business-type Activities			Totals				
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Current and other assets Capital assets, net Total assets	\$ 	17,515,478 8,766,950 26,282,428	\$ 	19,487,197 7,666,989 27,154,186	\$ _	169,524 1,317,892 1,487,416	\$ 	171,639 1,445,109 1,616,748	\$ 	17,685,002 10,084,842 27,769,844	\$ 	19,658,836 9,112,098 28,770,934
Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources	_	896,487 24,830 921,317		965,853 30,565 996,418	_	<u>-</u> -	-	- - -	_	896,487 24,830 921,317	_	965,853 30,565 996,418
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	_	3,614,659 2,373,572 5,988,231	_	4,020,191 1,824,504 5,844,695	_	3,559 - 3,559	_	4,743 - 4,743	_	3,618,218 2,373,572 5,991,790	_	4,024,934 1,824,504 5,849,438
Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred inflows - OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	_	504,050 669,437 1,173,487	_	4,130,682 786,758 4,917,440	_	- -	_	<u>-</u> -	_	504,050 669,437 1,173,487	_	4,130,682 786,758 4,917,440
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted		8,695,051 4,649,409 6,697,567	_	7,666,989 4,701,838 5,019,642	_	1,317,892 - 165,965	_	1,445,109 - 166,896	_	10,012,943 4,649,409 6,863,532	_	9,112,098 4,701,838 5,186,538
Total net position	\$	20,042,027	\$	17,388,469	\$_	1,483,857	\$_	1,612,005	\$	21,525,884	\$	19,000,474

An additional portion of Jackson County, Texas' net position (22%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At the end of the current fiscal year, Jackson County, Texas reported a positive balance in the governmental and business activities. For the prior fiscal year, Jackson County, Texas reported positive balances in net position, for the government, as well as for its separate governmental and business activities.

TABLE 2 JACKSON COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		Governmer	ntal A	ctivities	Business-type Activities			Totals				
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	1,609,237	\$	1,586,169	\$	63,399	\$	25,037	\$	1,672,636	\$	1,611,206
Operating grants	Ψ	1,005,257	Ψ	1,500,105	Ψ	03,333	Ψ	23,037	Ψ	1,072,030	Ψ	1,011,200
and contributions		2,957,054		1,994,767		_		_		2,957,054		1,994,767
Capital grants		2/30//00 .		2,55 .,. 6.						2,557,65		1,55 .,, 6,
and contributions		26,668		773,765		_		_		26,668		773,765
General revenues:		,								,		
Property taxes		11,916,872		10,799,244		_		_		11,916,872		10,799,244
Sales taxes		1,493,672		1,582,284		_		-		1,493,672		1,582,284
Other taxes		13,180		12,197		_		_		13,180		12,197
Investment income		771,483		100,524		6,331		1,216		777,814		101,740
Other		113,256		96,880		-		, <u> </u>		113,256		96,880
Total revenues		18,901,422		16,945,830	_	69,730	_	26,253		18,971,152		16,972,083
Total Tevenues		10,501,422		10,545,050	_	05,750	-	20,233		10,571,152		10,572,005
Expenses:												
General administration		1,779,727		1,574,118		_		_		1,779,727		1,574,118
Judicial		1,947,632		1,681,201		_		_		1,947,632		1,681,201
Legal		10,788		11,393		-		-		10,788		11,393
Financial administration		1,107,285		980,890		-		-		1,107,285		980,890
Public facilities		859,524		959,775		-		-		859,524		959,775
Public safety		4,960,880		4,915,755		-				4,960,880		4,915,755
Public transportation		2,981,590		3,029,918		-		-		2,981,590		3,029,918
Environmental protection		1,931,779		1,835,982		-		-		1,931,779		1,835,982
Culture and recreation		473,122		280,159		-				473,122		280,159
Health and welfare		82,795		72,194		-		-		82,795		72,194
Conservation - agriculture		111,833		99,488		-		-		111,833		99,488
Interest and fiscal charges		909		-		-		-		909		-
Airport		-		-		184,908		142,336		184,908		142,336
Jail commissary					_	12,970	_	10,831		12,970		10,831
Total expenses		16,247,864		15,440,873	_	197,878	_	153,167		16,445,742		15,594,040
Change in net position		2,653,558		1,504,957		(128,148)		(126,914)		2,525,410		1,378,043
Net position, beginning		17,388,469		15,883,512	_	1,612,005	_	1,738,919	_	19,000,474		17,622,431
Net position, ending	\$	20,042,027	\$	17,388,469	\$_	1,483,857	\$_	1,612,005	\$	21,525,884	\$	19,000,474

The government's total net position increased by \$2,525,410. This increase is attributable an increase in ad valorem taxes, increased investment income due to rising interest rates, and careful budget management.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Jackson County, Texas uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds:

The focus of Jackson County, Texas' governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Jackson County, Texas' financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Jackson County, Texas' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,459,816, an increase of \$1,466,546 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 59% of this total amount \$7,380,812 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of Jackson County, Texas. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$7,380,812, while total fund balance reached \$8,750,274. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 63% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 75% of that same amount. The fund balance of Jackson County, Texas' general fund increased by \$1,260,834 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase included an increase in ad valorem taxes and careful budget management.

The road and bridge fund had a total fund balance of \$1,498,713, an increase of \$80,091 from the prior year. A key factor in this increase was a reduction in expenditures during the current year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget for the general fund were an increase in revenue of \$469,794, primarily from intergovernmental revenue related to grants. The major increase in expenditures is in the Sheriff department which increased by \$392,888. This included such items as overtime, fuel, repairs, and capital expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Jackson County, Texas' investment in capital assets for its governmental activities and business-type activities as of September 30, 2023, amounts to \$10,084,842 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and infrastructure items such as roads and bridges.

		Governmer	ntal Ad	ctivities	Business-Type Activities			Total				
		2023		2022		2022		2022		2023		2022
Land	\$	412,509	\$	409,943	\$	70,254	\$	70,254	\$	482,763	\$	480,197
Construction in progress		930,975		645,512		-		-		930,975		645,512
Infrastructure		3,844,415		3,187,591		1,161,665		1,279,557		5,006,080		4,467,148
Buildings and improvements		1,305,859		1,470,019		50,989		55,950		1,356,848		1,525,969
Right-to-use equipment		67,456		-		-		-		67,456		-
Machinery and eqiupment	_	2,205,736	_	1,953,924	_	34,984		39,348		2,240,720		1,993,272
Total	\$	8,766,950	\$	7,666,989	\$	1,317,892	\$	1,445,109	\$_	10,084,842	\$	9,112,098

Additional information regarding the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, Jackson County, Texas had no bonded debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus and the impact on the oil & gas industry, ranching, and farming, economic uncertainties have arisen which may negatively affect the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the County. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County's business office, at Jackson County, Texas, 411 N. Wells, Room 201, Edna, Texas 77957.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Primary Government						
	Governmental			usiness-type			
		Activities		Activities		Total	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Due from other governments Prepaid items	\$	15,076,377 1,869,157 129,332 440,612	\$	125,524 38,946 - 5,054	\$	15,201,901 1,908,103 129,332 445,666	
Capital assets: Nondepreciable Net depreciable Total assets	_	1,343,484 7,423,466 26,282,428	_	70,254 1,247,638 1,487,416	-	1,413,738 8,671,104 27,769,844	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources	_	896,487 24,830 921,317	<u>-</u>	- - -	-	896,487 24,830 921,317	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable Accrued salaries payable Due to others Unearned revenues		217,099 239,445 210,739 2,947,376		16 - - 3,543		217,115 239,445 210,739 2,950,919	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Due within one year: Leases Compensated absences Due in more than one year:		14,971 38,973		- -		14,971 38,973	
Leases		56,928		-		56,928	
Compensated absences		155,891		-		155,891	
Net pension liability		391,811		-		391,811	
Total OPEB liability	_	1,714,998	_		_	1,714,998	
Total liabilities	_	5,988,231	_	3,559	-	5,991,790	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred inflows - OPEB		504,050 669,437	_	<u>-</u>	_	504,050 669,437	
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	1,173,487	_		_	1,173,487	
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		8,695,051		1,317,892		10,012,943	
Grants		587,563		-		587,563	
Special projects		1,569,508		-		1,569,508	
Permanent improvement Public transportation		993,625 1,498,713		-		993,625 1,498,713	
Unrestricted		6,697,567		- 165,965		6,863,532	
Total net position	\$ <u></u>	20,042,027	\$ __	1,483,857	\$_		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

			Program Revenue					
					(Operating	Capi	tal Grants
			Ch	arges for	G	Grants and		and
Functions/Programs		Expenses	9	Services		ntributions	Contributions	
Primary government								
Governmental activities:								
General administration	\$	1,779,727	\$	535,591	\$	103,940	\$	_
Judicial	Τ.	1,947,632	7	447,301	Τ	256,364	4	_
Legal		10,788		9,552		-		_
Financial administration		1,107,285		20,309		_		-
Public facilities		859,524		131,016		-		26,668
Public safety		4,960,880		56,582		1,600,923		, <u>-</u>
Public transportation		2,981,590		401,256		598,636		-
Environmental protection		1,931,779		_		_		-
Culture and recreation		473,122		7,580		5,301		-
Health and welfare		82,795		50		391,890		-
Conservation - agriculture		111,833		-		-		-
Interest on long-term debt		909						
Total governmental activities	_	16,247,864	:	1,609,237		2,957,054		26,668
Business-type activities:								
Airport		184,908		49,649		_		_
Jail commissary		12,970		13,750		_		-
Total business-type activities		197,878		63,399		-		-
Total primary government	\$	16,445,742	\$:	1,672,636	\$	2,957,054	\$	26,668

General revenues:

Property taxes Sales taxes Other taxes Investment income Other

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Position

 Governmental Activities		ess-type :ivities	 Total
\$ (1,140,196) (1,243,967) (1,236) (1,086,976) (701,840) (3,303,375) (1,981,698) (1,931,779) (460,241) 309,145 (111,833) (909) (11,654,905)	\$	- - - - - - - - - -	\$ (1,140,196) (1,243,967) (1,236) (1,086,976) (701,840) (3,303,375) (1,981,698) (1,931,779) (460,241) 309,145 (111,833) (909) (11,654,905)
<u> </u>		135,259) 780 134,479)	 (135,259) 780 (134,479)
(11,654,905)	(134,479)	(11,789,384)
 11,916,872 1,493,672 13,180 771,483 113,256 14,308,463		- - 6,331 - 6,331	 11,916,872 1,493,672 13,180 777,814 113,256 14,314,794
 2,653,558		128,148)	2,525,410
 17,388,469		612,005	 19,000,474
\$ 20,042,027	<u>\$ 1,</u>	483,857	\$ 21,525,884

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

ASSETS		General Fund	6	Road and Bridge	Coastal Impact Assistance		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,582,902	\$	1,603,019	\$	1,154,199	
Receivables, net	'	866,837	•	171,903		-	
Prepaids		375,837		46,017		-	
Due from other funds		163,736		-		-	
Due from others		126,312				-	
Total assets		10,115,624		1,820,939		1,154,199	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		165,860		15,606		10,000	
Accrued wages payable		202,219		36,972		-	
Due to other funds		-		154,648		-	
Due to others		11,192		-		-	
Unearned revenue		341,822		115,000			
Total liabilities		721,093		322,226		10,000	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		644,257		_		_	
Total deferred inflows of resources		644,257		-		-	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaids		375,837		-		-	
Restricted:							
Grants		-		-		<u>-</u>	
Special projects		-		-		1,144,199	
Permanent improvement		993,625		- 1 400 712		-	
Public transportation		7 200 012		1,498,713		-	
Unassigned		7,380,812	-	1 400 712			
Total fund balances		8,750,274		1,498,713		1,144,199	
Total liabilities, fund balances, and							
deferred inflows of resources	\$	10,115,624	\$	1,820,939	\$	1,154,199	

American Rescue lan (ARP)	Nonmajor overnmental	Total Governmental			
\$ 2,638,737 - 15,000 - 3,020 2,656,757	\$ 1,097,520 141,564 3,758 - - 1,242,842	\$	15,076,377 1,180,304 440,612 163,736 129,332 16,990,361		
 7,256 - - - - 2,490,554 2,497,810	18,377 254 9,088 199,547 - 227,266		217,099 239,445 163,736 210,739 2,947,376 3,778,395		
<u>-</u>	 107,893 107,893		752,150 752,150		
 - 158,947 - - - - 158,947	 53,758 428,616 425,309 - - - - - 907,683		429,595 587,563 1,569,508 993,625 1,498,713 7,380,812 12,459,816		
\$ 2,656,757	\$ 1,242,842	\$	16,990,361		

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	12,459,816
Certain accounts receivable, net of related allowance, are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Court fines receivable, net		688,853
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Nondepreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets Accumulated depreciation		1,343,484 24,014,818 (16,591,352)
Other long term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. Delinquent property taxes		752,150
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net differences between projected and actual earnings and contributions susequent to the measurement date for postretirement benefits (pension and OPEB) are recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.		
Deferred outflows - pension related		896,487
Deferred outflows - OPEB related Deferred inflows - pension related		24,830 (504,050)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related		(669,437)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Leases payable		(71,899)
Compensated absences payable		(194,864)
Net pension liability Total OPEB liability		(391,811) (1,714,998)
. 333. 3. 22356,	_	(1,/14,330)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	20,042,027

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	General Fund a			Road nd Bridge	Coastal Impact ssistance
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
Property	\$	10,468,384	\$	-	\$ -
Sales		1,493,672		-	-
Other		13,180		-	-
Intergovernmental		1,220,711		242,168	496,896
Charges for services		771,825		142,561	-
Licenses and permits		21,930		427,743	-
Fines and forfeitures		396,000		121 441	- E1 220
Investment income		432,430		121,441	51,229
Miscellaneous	-	83,662		16,825	
Total revenues		14,901,794		950,738	 548,125
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General administration		1,642,296		_	_
Judicial		1,867,533		_	_
Legal		-		_	_
Financial administration		1,098,328		_	-
Public facilities		1,316,991		_	-
Public safety		4,836,051		_	-
Public transportation		· · · -		2,884,303	-
Environmental protection		456,061		-	374,707
Culture and recreation		207,055		-	180,000
Health and welfare		81,795		-	-
Conservation - agriculture		112,213		-	-
Capital outlay		80,611		-	-
Debt service:					
Principal		8,712		-	-
Interest		909			
Total expenditures		11,708,555		2,884,303	 554,707
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		2 102 220	,	1 022 ECEV	(C E02)
OVER EXPENDITURES		3,193,239		1,933,565)	 (6,582)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Issuance of leases		80,611		_	_
Transfers in		66,978		2,528,358	_
Transfers out		(2,079,994)		(514,702)	-
Total other financing sources		7 7			
and uses		(1,932,405)		2,013,656	_
and uses		(1,332,403)		2,013,030	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,260,834		80,091	(6,582)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		7,489,440		1,418,622	 1,150,781
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	8,750,274	\$	1,498,713	\$ 1,144,199

American Rescue Plan (ARP)	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
\$ - - 376,308 - - - 135,376 - 511,684	\$ 1,367,835 - 43,447 149,429 - 314,124 31,007 12,769 1,918,611	\$ 11,836,219 1,493,672 13,180 2,379,530 1,063,815 449,673 710,124 771,483 113,256 18,830,952
- - 35,060 115,000 137,628 84,775 - - - -	157,587 78,730 10,788 - 29,308 266,796 191 1,370,718 9,871 1,000	1,799,883 1,946,263 10,788 1,133,388 1,461,299 5,240,475 2,969,269 2,201,486 396,926 82,795 112,213 80,611
- - 372,463	- - 1,924,989	8,712 909 17,445,017
139,221	(6,378)	1,385,935
- - -	1,700 (2,340)	80,611 2,597,036 (2,597,036)
	(640)	80,611
139,221	(7,018)	1,466,546
19,726	914,701	10,993,270
\$ 158,947	\$ 907,683	\$ 12,459,816

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,466,546
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense Net effect of capital disposals	2,099,987 (1,082,922) 2,285
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds. Unavailable revenue - delinquent property taxes Unavailable revenue - court fines Unavailable revenue - grants	80,653 12,472 (22,655)
Net pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB liability are not reported in the governmental funds. Net pension liability Total OPEB liability Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - Pensions Deferred inflows - OPEB	(3,495,014) (84,946) (69,366) (5,735) 3,626,632 117,321
Bonds and leases provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Principal payments	8,712
Some expenses reported in the Staement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Compensated absences, net change	 (412)

\$ 2,653,558

Change in net position of governmental activities

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Enterpri	Total			
		Jail				Enterprise
		Airport		Commissary		Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets:		101 016		24.472		105 50 4
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$	101,046 38,946	\$	24,478	\$	125,524 38,946
Prepaid expenses		5,054		-		5,054
Total current assets	-	145,046	-	24,478	_	169,524
Noncurrent assets:		143,040	-	27,770		105,524
Capital assets:						
Land		70,254		-		70,254
Buildings and improvements, net		50,989		-		50,989
Machinery and equipment, net		34,984		-		34,984
Infrastructure, net		1,161,665	_			1,161,665
Total noncurrent assets		1,317,892	_	-	_	1,317,892
Total assets		1,462,938	-	24,478		1,487,416
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:				4.6		4.6
Accounts payable		- 2.542		16		16
Unearned revenue		3,543	-		_	3,543
Total current liabilities		3,543	_	16		3,559
Total liabilities		3,543	_	16	_	3,559
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		1,317,892		-		1,317,892
Unrestricted		141,503	_	24,462	_	165,965
Total net position	\$	1,459,395	\$_	24,462	\$	1,483,857

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Enterpris	Total		
		Airport	Co	Jail mmissary	 Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$	5,765 43,884	\$	13,750	\$ 19,515 43,884
Intergovernmental Total operating revenues	_	49,649		13,750	 63,399
OPERATING EXPENSES Supplies Other services and charges Depreciation Total operating expenses		49,236 8,455 127,217 184,908		12,970 - - 12,970	 62,206 8,455 127,217 197,878
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(135,259)		780	 (134,479)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		6,631 6,631		(300) (300)	 6,331 6,331
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(128,628)		480	(128,148)
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING		1,588,023		23,982	 1,612,005
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	1,459,395	\$	24,462	\$ 1,483,857

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds					Total	
		Jail			Enterprise		
		Airport Commissary			Funds		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from customers	\$	11,231	\$	13,750	\$	24,981	
Payments to suppliers		(58,795)		(13,064)		(71,859)	
Net cash used by operating activities		(47,564)		686		(46,878)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Interest on investments		6,631		(300)		6,331	
Net cash provided by investing activities		6,631		(300)		6,331	
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	0,001		(300)		0,001	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH							
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(40,933)		386		(40,547)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		141,979		24,092		166,071	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	_	141,575		24,032		100,071	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	101,046	\$	24,478	\$	125,524	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET							
CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Operating income (loss)	\$	(135, 259)	\$	780	\$	(134,479)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash							
used by operating activities:		407.047				107.017	
Depreciation		127,217		-		127,217	
Assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in prepaids		(1,104)				(1,104)	
Decrease (increase) in receivables, net		(37,328)		_		(37,328)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(37,320)		(94)		(94)	
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		(1,090)		-		(1,090)	
micrease (decrease) in direamed revende		(1,000)				(2,000)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(47,564)	\$	686	\$	(46,878)	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds							
	In	Trust vestment		State Fees		County Officer Accounts		Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS							•	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	64,594	\$	69,345	\$	1,526,268	\$	1,660,207
Total assets		64,594	_	69,345	_	1,526,268	_	1,660,207
LIABILITIES								
Due to others				-		712,520	_	712,520
Total liabilities						712,520		712,520
NET POSITION								
Restricted for:								
Individuals and organizations		64,594		69,345		813,748	_	947,687
Total net position	\$	64,594	\$	69,345	\$	813,748	\$	947,687

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Trust Investment	State Fees	County Officer Accounts	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS				
Contributions from judgements Bonds received	-	\$ - -	\$ 222,584 43,583	\$ 222,584 43,583
Fees collected	-	3,016	32,114	35,130
Taxes collected on behalf of taxing entities			54,011,343	54,011,343
Total increases		3,016	54,309,624	54,312,640
DEDUCTIONS				
Bonds refunded	-	-	88,510	88,510
Collections distributed	-	-	23,614	23,614
Cases disposed	228,423	-	240,513	468,936
Taxes disbursed to taxing entities	220 422		54,019,013	54,019,013
Total decreases	228,423		54,371,650	54,600,073
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	(228,423)	3,016	(62,026)	(287,433)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	293,017	66,329	875,774	1,235,120
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 64,594	\$ 69,345	\$ 813,748	\$ 947,687

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Jackson County operates under a County Judge – Commissioners' Court type of government and provides the following services throughout the County: public safety (fire, ambulance, and law enforcement), environmental protections (sanitation), public transportation (highways and roads), health and welfare, culture and recreation, conservation (agriculture), public facilities, judicial and legal, election functions, and general and financial administrative services. The accounting policies of Jackson County, Texas, (the County) conform to generally accepted accounting principles.

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The **government-wide financial statements** include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of Governmental Activities for the County accompanied by a total column.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the County are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the Government-Wide financial statements. The County has presented all major funds that met those qualifications.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the County, are property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The road and bridge fund accounts for the activities of the government's road and bridge operations. The flood control fund accounts for the activities of the government's environmental protection operations. The Coastal Impact Assistance fund accounts for monies held for coastal preservation. The American Rescue Plan fund accounts for monies held to help the County offset any losses it incurred as a result of the Covid virus.

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and for the non-major funds aggregated.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent), and deferred inflows of resources are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Airport Fund are charges to customers for sales, rentals, and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds: The airport fund accounts for airport activities.

B. Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. As such, fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide statements. The County's fiduciary funds include the following: The County Officer Accounts, the Trust Investment fund, and the State Fees fund are all used to account for the fines and fees collected and remitted by the County Officers in the course of their operations.

C. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund</u> Balance

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the Government and the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury. Investments for the Government are reported at fair value. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the County considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity when purchased of three months or less and all local government investment pools to be cash equivalents.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. All property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to a total of 2 percent of the current outstanding property taxes at September 30, 2023 and 10 percent of the delinquent outstanding property taxes at September 30, 2023. Property is appraised and a lien on such property becomes enforceable as of January 1, subject to certain procedures for rendition, appraisal, appraisal review and judicial review. Traditionally, property taxes are levied October 1, of the year in which assessed or as soon thereafter as practicable. Taxes are due and payable when levied since that is when the County bills the taxpayers. The County begins to collect the taxes as soon as the taxpayers are billed.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of materials and supplies held by the General Fund are considered immaterial and thus are not accounted for on the Balance Sheet. In the General Fund, disbursements for supplies and materials are considered to be expenditures at the time of purchase. There were no inventory items at September 30, 2023. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost as follows and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Property and Equipment with a dollar value greater or equal to \$500 but less than \$3,000 are considered inventoried assets. These assets are inventoried for security purposes in the Fixed Asset System but not capitalized for depreciation purposes.

Buildings/building improvements	\$ 15,000
Improvements other than buildings	15,000
Infrastructure	250,000
Machinery, equipment and other assets	3,000
Leasehold improvements	15,000

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straightline method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30-40
Improvements	20-40
System infrastructure	15-45
Vehicles	5-10
Office equipment	5-10
Right-to-use equipment	5-10
Computer equipment	5

5. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in government-wide financial statements.

6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Leases

The County has entered into various lease agreements as a lessee. Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate, if available. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.
- The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability or lease asset.

Lessee. The County is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The County recognizes a lease liability in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

8. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of September 30, 2023, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted — amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed — amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of Commissioners' Court. Commissioners' Court is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by Commissioners' Court.

Unassigned — all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless Commissioners' Court or the finance committee has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

In fiscal year 2011, the Commissioners' Court adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund. The policy requires the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end to be at least equal to 18 to 25 percent of the subsequent year's budgeted General Fund expenditures.

9. Comparative data/reclassifications

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual enterprise funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows/inflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government only has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are deferred under GASB 68 and GASB 75.

The County reports unearned revenue on its fund financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period (fund financial statements). Unearned revenues also arise when resources are unearned by the County and received before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures (fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements). In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the applicable financial statement and revenue is recognized. Pursuant to GASB 65 we have included deferred ad valorem taxes as deferred inflows in the fund financial statements.

11. Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Deficit fund equity

The County had no deficit fund balances at September 30, 2023.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy does address the following risks:

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government has a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2023, the government's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk because it was fully insured by the U.S. Government and/or the State of Texas and/or is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent.

The Interlocal Cooperation Act, chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code, provide for the creation of public funds investment pools, such as TexPool and Texas Class, through which political subdivisions and other entities may invest public funds.

TexPool and Texas Class use amortized cost to value portfolio assets and follows the criteria for GASB Statement No. 79 for use of amortized cost. TexPool and Texas Class does not place any limitations or restrictions such as notice periods or maximum transaction amounts, on withdrawals.

All funds participate in a pooling of cash and investment income in order to maximize investment opportunities. Each fund may liquidate its equity in the pool on demand.

The County's investments are authorized by County resolutions, bond ordinances, and State statutes. The County is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies or instrumentalities; direct obligations of Texas and its agencies and instrumentalities; obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent rating; insured or collateralized certificates of deposit; fully collateralized repurchase agreements; and government pools.

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The County's investments by fair value level are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The County has no Level 1 investments (investments valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical securities) or Level 3 investments (investments valued using significant unobservable inputs). As of September 30, 2023, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Ne	et Asset Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)			
TexPool Texas CLASS	\$	366,464 13,685,039	26 68			
Total value	\$	14,051,503				

Interest Rate Risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar-weighted maturity of its portfolio to a maximum of 365 days.

Concentration of credit risk: The County places no limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer. Texpool (3% of portfolio) and Texas Class (97% of portfolio).

Credit Risk. The County's investment policy is to apply the "prudent investor" standard: "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived." As of September 30, 2023, the local investment pool - Texpool (3% of portfolio) was rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and Texas Class (97% of portfolio) was rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds, and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectable accounts, are as follows:

	Road & General Bridge			Other Governmental <u>Airport</u> <u>Funds</u> <u>Tota</u>						
Receivables:										
Ad valorem taxes	\$	700,278	\$	-	\$	-	\$	135,516	\$	835,794
Sales tax		134,548		-		-		-		134,548
Intergovernmental		88,033		171,903		38,946		16,078		314,960
Gross receivables		922,859		171,903		38,946		151,594		1,285,302
Less: allowance for										
uncollectibles		(56,022)						(10,030)		(66,052)
Net total receivables	\$	866,837	\$	171,903	\$	38,946	\$	141,564	\$	1,219,250

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases/ Adjustments	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land Construction in progress	\$ 409,943	\$ 2,566 1,256,961	\$ - 971,498	\$ 412,509 930,975
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	645,512	1,259,527	971,498	1,343,484
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,055,455	1,239,327	971,490	1,343,464
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	6,426,242	12,000	(150.007)	6,438,242
Machinery and equipment Right-to-use equipment	9,657,319	828,460 80,611	(159,907)	10,325,872 80,611
Infrastructure	6,202,679	971,498	4,084	7,170,093
Total capital assets being depreciated	22,286,240	1,892,569	(155,823)	24,014,818
Less accumulated depreciation:	(4.056.000)	(476.450)		(5.400.000)
Buildings and improvements	(4,956,223)	(176,159)	166 276	(5,132,382)
Machinery and equipment Right-to-use equipment	(7,703,395)	(583,018) (9,071)	166,276	(8,120,137) (9,071)
Infrastructure	(3,015,088)	(314,674)	-	(3,329,762)
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,674,706)	(1,082,922)	166,276	(16,591,352)
		(=/===/===/		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	6,611,534	809,647	10,453	7,423,466
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,666,989	\$ 2,069,174	\$ 981,951	\$ 8,766,950
	Beginning			Ending
D. C. A. W. W.	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 70,254	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,254
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	70,254	-	-	70,254
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	362,446 85,432	=	=	362,446 85,432
Infrastructure	2,365,351	- -	- -	2,365,351
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,813,229			2,813,229
rotal capital assets being depreciated		-		2,015,225
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(306,496)	(4,961)	-	(311,457)
Machinery and equipment	(46,084)	(4,364)	-	(50,448)
Infrastructure	(1,085,794)	(117,892)		(1,203,686)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,438,374)	(127,217)		(1,565,591)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,374,855	(127,217)		1,247,638
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,445,109</u>	<u>\$ (127,217)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,317,892</u>

Capital asset depreciation by function for the governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2023, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General administration	\$ 36,421
Judicial	19,625
Financial administration	10,412
Public facilities	166,440
Public safety	330,089
Public transporation	401,220
Environmental protection	39,187
Culture and recreation	79,302
Conservation agriculture	 226
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,082,922

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances of as September 30, 2023, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount			
General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	\$ 9,088			
General Fund	Road and Bridge Funds	 154,648			
		\$ 163,736			

The interfund payables and receivables were related to short-term cash loans.

Transfers In/out:

		Road and Bridge			onmajor				
	 General	Funds		Funds Governm		Governmental		Total	
Transfer out:									
General	\$ -	\$	2,078,294	\$	1,700	\$	2,079,994		
Road & Bridge funds	64,638		450,064		-		514,702		
Nonmajor Governmental	 2,340	-			-		2,340		
Total transfers	\$ 66,978	\$	2,528,358	\$	1,700	\$	2,597,036		

The transfer from the general to the road and bridge fund is for road and bridge operations. The transfer from the road and bridge funds (general road and bridge) to the road and bridge funds is for road and bridge operations.

The transfers to and from the road and bridge fund are recurring transfers.

The remaining transfers are non-recurring transfers.

Long-Term Liabilities

The activity for the year ended September 30, 2023, were as follows:

	 Beginning Balance		Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities Leases Compensated absences	\$ - 194,452	\$	80,611 224,023	\$ 8,712 223,611	\$ 71,899 194,864	\$ 14,971 38,973
Total	\$ 194,452	\$_	304,634	\$ 232,323	\$ 266,763	\$ 53,944

The general fund and the road and bridge fund are used to liquidate the compensated absences; the leases are liquidated by the general fund.

The County entered into multiple leases as lessee for the right to use Xerox copier equipment. The County is required to make fixed monthly payments between \$101 and \$157. The leases bear interest of 2.8%.

Debt service requirements to maturity for the leases are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal	 Interest	Re	Total equirements
2024	\$ 14,971	\$ 1,550	\$	16,521
2025	15,340	1,181		16,521
2026	15,719	802		16,521
2027	16,108	413		16,521
2028	7,583	71		7,654
2029-2030	 2,178	 20		2,198
Total	\$ 71,899	\$ 4,037	\$	75,936

IV. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Claim liabilities are estimated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amounts of payouts) and other economic and social factors (including the effects of specific, incremental claim adjustment expense, salvage and subrogation).

A. General Liability Insurance

The County is insured for general, police officers and automobile liability. The County has joined with other governments in the Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool.

The County pays an annual premium to Risk Management for auto vehicle insurance coverage. The agreement with Risk Management provides that Risk Management will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$100,000 to \$300,000 for each insurance event. The County anticipates no contingent losses. Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool has published its own financial report that can be obtained from the Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool. The County continues to carry commercial fidelity bonds for elected officials and for management.

2. Property and Casualty Insurance

Property, casualty, mobile equipment insurance is provided by Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool.

3. Workers' Compensation Insurance

The County insures against workers' compensation claims through Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool.

4. Group Health and Life Insurance

The County maintains a group health insurance plan for active employees and their eligible dependents. Costs are recorded in the fund from which the employees' compensation is paid.

5. Unemployment Compensation Insurance

The County insures for unemployment compensation claims through an agreement with the Texas Workforce Commission (TWC).

V. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

There were no related party transactions for the year ended September 30, 2023.

VI. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

VII. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

Jackson County participates in a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.tcdrs.org.

All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.

Benefits Provided

TCDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS Act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at ages 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contribution to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Plan Membership

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	103
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	103
Active employees	119
	325

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each entity is determined annually by the actuary and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The replacement life entry age actuarial cost method is used in determining the contribution rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to fund benefits in an orderly manner for each participate over his or her career so that sufficient funds are accumulated by the time benefit payments begin, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 10.45% and 9.17% in calendar years 2022 and 2023, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2023, were \$545,770 and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability of the County

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial evaluation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Overall payroll growth 2.75% per year

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of administrative and investment expense, including inflation

The County has no automatic cost-of-living adjustments (COLA), nor one that is considered to be substantively automatic. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the actuarial valuation. Each year, the County may elect an ad-hoc COLA for retirees.

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members 135% of Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table

for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021

Ultimate scale after 2010.

Service retirees, beneficiaries and

non-depositing members

135% of Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality

Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate

scale after 2010.

Disabled retirees 160% of Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality

Table for males and 125% Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the

MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

All actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2022, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2020, except where required to be different by GASB 68. The assumptions are reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.6%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS is determined by adding inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information below are based on January 2023 information for a 10-year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2022. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation (1)	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation) ⁽²⁾
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.95%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.95%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	4.95%
International Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.95%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	2.40%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	3.39%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	6.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index $^{(3)}$	4.00%	7.60%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (4)	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index(5)	25.00%	7.95%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	2.90%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	0.20%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2023 TCDRS Board meeting.

Discount Rate

The discount rates used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.6%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in the statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.3%, per Cliffwater's 2023 capital market assumptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

	Total Pe Liabili (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)			Net Pension bility/(Asset) (a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/2021 Changes for the year:	\$	30,885,685	\$	33,988,888	\$	(3,103,203)
Service cost		632,533		-		632,533
Interest on total pension liability (1)		2,329,567		-		2,329,567
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		(517,674)		-		(517,674)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs Refund of contributions		- (149,174)		- (149,174)		-
Benefit payments		(1,615,176)		(1,615,174)		_
		(1,013,170)				10.260
Administrative expenses		-		(18,269)		18,269
Member contributions		-		391,337		(391,337)
Net investment income		-		(1,925,212)		1,925,212
Employer contributions		-		584,210		(584,210)
Other ⁽²⁾				(82,654)		82,654
Balance at 12/31/2022	\$	31,565,761	\$	31,173,950	\$	391,811

Increase (Decrease)

The required schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability/(asset) and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.6%, as well as what the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.6%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.6%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.6%	Current Discount Rate 7.6%	1% Increase 8.6%		
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 35,326,182 31,173,950	\$ 31,565,761 31,173,950	\$ 28,380,283 31,173,950		
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 4,152,232	\$ 391,811	\$ (2,793,667)		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. The report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tcdrs.org

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$483,519.

At September 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(Deferred Dutflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	- -	\$	436,515 67,534	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		521,109		_	
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		375,379			
Total	\$	896,488	\$	504,049	

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

County contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$375,379 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	
2024	\$ (670,323)
2025	(164,427)
2026	(43,225)
2027	895 035

VIII. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan - Retiree Health Care Plan

Plan Description. The County offers its retired employees health insurance benefits through a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, under County policy. This plan is administered by the County and it has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing arrangements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75

Eligible plan participants are retirees retiring within 8 years of service with Jackson at the date of retirement and receiving benefits from the TCDRS are eligible for medical, dental, and life insurance benefits until they reach the Medicare age. TCDRS retirement is available to employees meeting one of three criteria: (a) age 60 with 8 year of service (b) age plus year of service equal to 75 or (c) 30 years of service.

At the September 30, 2023 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or benficiaries currently receiving benefits	4
Active members	105
Total	109

The County's contributions to the Retiree Health plan for the year ended September 30, 2023 were \$97,577.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age
Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increases	3.50%
Demographic assumptions	Based on the experience study covering the four year period ending December 31, 2021 as conducted for the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS).
Mortality	RPH-2014 Total Table with Projection MP-2021
Health care cost trend rates	Level 4.5% for medical and level 3% for dental
Participation rates	It was assumed that 100% of retirees who are eligible for the County subsidy and 50% of those who are not eligible for the County subsidy would choose to receive health care benefits through the County.
Discount rate	4.77% as of September 30, 2023.

The discount rate was selected by reviewing the recent published Bond Buyer GO-20 bond index. This is one of the indices acceptable under GASB 75. This index is published weekly and is trending down in recent months. We selected 4.77% as the discount rate for this valuation.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$1,714,998 was measured as of September 30, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2022.

	Т	Total OPEB		
		Liability		
Balance at 10/1/2022	\$	1,630,052		
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost		102,221		
Interest on the total liability		80,302		
Difference between expected & actual experience		-		
Change in assumptions		-		
Benefit payments		(97,577)		
Net changes		84,946		
Balance at 9/30/2023	\$	1,714,998		

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (4.77%) in measuring the total OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in				1% Increase in		
	Discou	nt Rate (3.77%)	Discount Rate (4.77%)		Discount Rate (5.		
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,872,954	\$ <u></u>	1,714,998	\$	1,573,874	

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if Healthcare Cost Trend Rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than what was used in measuring the total OPEB liability.

	1	% Decrease	Trend	Rate Assumption	 1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,538,389	\$	1,714,998	\$ 1,923,414

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 3023, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$70,937. At September 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred			Deferred		
	Outflows		Inflows			
	of Resources		of Resources		es of Resou	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	-	\$	361,062		
Changes in actuarial assumptions		24,830		308,375		
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings						
Total	\$	24,830	\$	669,437		

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	
September 30,	
2024	\$ (111,586)
2025	(111,588)
2026	(111,588)
2027	(111,588)
2028	(98,279)
Thereafter	(99,978)

Net Pension Liability and Total Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

When these liabilities are liquidated for governmental activities, the General Fund will be primarily responsible.

IX. NEW ACCOUNTING GUIDANCE

Significant new accounting guidance issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) not yet implemented by the County include the following:

GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022 – The objective of this Statement is to correct practice issues identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and financial reporting for financial guarantees. There are various effective dates 1.) upon issuance 2.) fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022 and 3.) fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 - The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences - The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has amended the existing standards regarding capitalization thresholds for assets. The amended guidance for the capitalization threshold comes from GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1, Question 5.1. Capitalization policies adopted by governments include many considerations such as finding an appropriate balance between ensuring that all significant capital assets, collectively, are capitalized and minimizing the cost of recordkeeping for capital assets. A government should capitalize assets whose individual acquisition costs are less than the threshold for an individual asset if those assets in the aggregate are significant. Computers, classroom furniture and library books are examples of asset types that may not meet a capitalization policy on an individual basis yet could be significantly collectively. In this example, if the \$150,000 aggregate amount (100 computers costing \$1,500 each) is significant, the government should capitalize the computers. The amended guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						
	Original		Final		Actual	Fina	riance with al Budget - Positive
REVENUES							
Taxes:							
Property	\$ 10,264,		10,264,839	\$	10,468,384	\$	203,545
Sales	1,240,		1,240,000		1,493,672		253,672
Other		500	11,500		13,180		1,680
Intergovernmental	465,		1,136,198		1,220,711		84,513
Charges for services	791,		815,065		771,825		(43,240)
Licenses and permits	,	000	23,000		21,930		(1,070)
Fines and forfeitures	383,		383,500		396,000		12,500
Investment income		600	40,600		432,430		391,830
Miscellaneous		500	19,457		83,662		64,205
Total revenues	13,239,	<u> 070</u>	13,934,159		14,901,794		967,635
EXPENDITURES							
General administration:							
Commissioners' court	420,	205	412,233		406,212		6,021
County clerk	474,		473,841		459,189		14,652
County judge	220,		219,403		218,550		853
Veteran's service officer		445	5,445		3,863		1,582
Non-departmental	657,		556,129		554,482		1,647
Total general administration	1,777,		1,667,051		1,642,296		24,755
Judicial:							
Court expense	249,	700	505,180		511,651		(6,471)
Criminal district attorney	500,		545,327		504,485		40,842
District clerk	320,		320,852		315,125		5,727
District court		988	107,584		107,303		281
Jurv		884	21,164		20,868		296
Justice of the peace, no. 1	230,		231,270		210,964		20,306
Justice of the peace, no. 2	208,		208,548		197,137		11,411
Total judicial	1,628,	568	1,939,925		1,867,533		72,392
Financial administration:							
County auditor	389,	663	390,163		389,081		1,082
County treasurer	196,		196,537		189,764		6,773
Tax assessor-collector	524,		524,258		519,483		4,775
Total financial administration	1,110,		1,110,958	_	1,098,328		12,630

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Budgeted A	Amounts		
				Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive
Public facilities:	000 000	000 000	000.045	00.005
County facilities Public facilities	992,200 488,250	992,200 453,250	893,315 423,676	98,885 29,574
Total public facilities	1,480,450	1,445,450	1,316,991	128,459
Public safety:				<u> </u>
Adult probation	2,015	3,212	3,211	1
Emergency management	70,126	62,715	46,084	16,631
Constable, no. 1	99,788 99,568	99,788 99,568	95,397 96,184	4,391 3,384
Constable, no. 2 Corrections	1,954,103	1,994,722	1,842,531	152,191
D.P.S./license and weight	4,215	4,215	2,544	1,671
D.P.S./troopers	28,460	24,704	16,286	8,418
Fire	14,250	8,418	7,700	718
Permitting and inspections Law enforcement agreement	78,079 164,544	78,079 164,544	73,818 159,951	4,261 4,593
Sheriff	1,928,949	2,513,488	2,361,725	151,763
T.J.P.C	116,337	116,867	128,114	(11,247)
Other	2,507	2,507	2,506	1
Total public safety	4,562,941	5,172,827	4,836,051	336,776
Environmental protection:	F.10.000	=		
Sanitation	542,032	544,112	456,061	88,051
Total environmental protection	542,032	544,112	456,061	88,051
Culture and recreation:	204 527	207.027	202 472	4 564
County library Parks	204,537 6,006	207,037 6,006	202,473 4,582	4,564 1,424
Total culture and recreation	210,543	213,043	207,055	5,988
Health and welfare:				
Environmental and advocacy	54,020	53,947	53,795	152
Senior citizens center	28,000	28,000	28,000	
Total health and welfare	82,020	81,947	81,795	152
Conservation - agriculture:				
Agriculture extension service	111,364	111,309	109,213	2,096
U.S. soil conservation	3,000	3,000	3,000	-
Total conservation - agriculture	114,364	114,309	112,213	2,096
Capital outlay:			00.611	(00.611)
Right-to-use equipment			80,611	(80,611)
Total capital outlay		-	80,611	(80,611)
Debt service: Principal	8,712	8,712	8,712	_
Interest	909	909	909	
Total debt service	9,621	9,621	9,621	
Total expenditures	11,518,615	12,299,243	11,708,555	590,688
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE		_		
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,720,455	1,634,916	3,193,239	1,558,323
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of leases	-	-	80,611	80,611
Transfers in	- (2.070.722)	- (2.070.722)	66,978	66,978
Transfers out	(2,079,723) (2,079,723)	(2,079,723) (2,079,723)	(2,079,994) (1,932,405)	(271) 147,318
Total other financing sources (uses)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(359,268)	(444,807)	1,260,834	1,705,641
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	7,489,440	7,489,440	7,489,440	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 7,130,172	\$ 7,044,633	\$ 8,750,274	\$ 1,705,641

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ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Am	ounts					
•								riance with	
							FILL	al Budget - Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES		Original		Tillai		Actual	(Negative)		
Intergovernmental	\$	20,832	\$	20,756	\$	242,168	\$	221,412	
Charges for services	Ψ	142,000	Ψ	142,000	Ψ	142,561	Ψ	561	
Licenses and permits		425,450		425,450		427,743		2,293	
Investment earnings		7,637		7,637		121,441		113,804	
Miscellaneous		400		400		16,825		16,425	
Total revenues		596,319		596,243		950,738		354,495	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public transportation		4,020,684		4,017,167		2,884,303		1,132,864	
Total expenditures		4,020,684		4,017,167		2,884,303		1,132,864	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(3,424,365)	_	(3,420,924)	_	(1,933,565)		1,487,359	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		2,526,654		2,526,654		2,528,358		1,704	
Transfers out		(448,360)		(448,360)		(514,702)		(66,342)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,078,294		2,078,294		2,013,656		(64,638)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,346,071)		(1,342,630)		80,091		1,422,721	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		25,724	_	124,752	_	1,418,622		1,293,870	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	(1,320,347)	\$	(1,217,878)	\$	1,498,713	\$	2,716,591	

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Measurement Date December 31,	2014	2015	2016		
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost Interest total pension liability Changes in benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 498,637 1,613,900 - -	\$ 497,656 1,674,524 (65,301)	\$ 544,446 1,767,233 - -		
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses Effect of assumption changes or inputs Benefit payments/refunds	(429,134)	(3,334) 244,526	65,947		
of contributions	(928,820)	(1,119,594)	(1,158,335)		
Net change in total pension liability	754,583	1,228,477	1,219,291		
Total pension liability - beginning	20,135,600	20,890,183	22,118,660		
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 20,890,183	\$ 22,118,660	\$ 23,337,951		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of	\$ 418,687 291,045	\$ 428,368 301,975	\$ 454,473 320,056		
investment expenses Benefit payments, including refunds of	1,408,935	196,576	1,518,446		
contributions Administrative expenses	(928,820) (15,556)	(1,119,594) (14,775)	(1,158,335) (16,477)		
Other	(380,061)	122,276	88,704		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	794,230	(85,174)	1,206,867		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	19,819,740	20,613,970	20,528,796		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 20,613,970	\$ 20,528,796	<u>\$ 21,735,663</u>		
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 276,213	\$ 1,589,864	\$ 1,602,288		
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	98.68%	92.81%	93.13%		
Pensionable covered payroll	\$ 4,157,786	\$ 4,313,925	\$ 4,572,224		
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	6.64%	36.85%	35.04%		

Note: This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2014 is not available.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
\$ 528,957 1,879,839	\$ 552,734 1,984,125	\$ 554,527 2,065,670	\$ 592,832 2,167,767	\$ 641,941 2,261,614	\$ 632,534 2,329,567		
- -	-	-	- -	-	- -		
124,003 137,609	(83,605) -	7,317 -	89,131 1,561,490	(144,778) (202,605)	(517,674) -		
(1,344,204)	(1,471,688)	(1,424,015)	(1,385,980)	(1,544,946)	(1,764,351)		
1,326,204	981,566	1,203,499	3,025,240	1,011,226	680,076		
23,337,951	24,664,155	25,645,721	26,849,220	29,874,460	30,885,686		
\$ 24,664,155	\$ 25,645,721	\$ 26,849,220	\$ 29,874,460	\$ 30,885,686	\$ 31,565,762		
\$ 439,558 330,139	\$ 459,393 339,931	\$ 477,238 356,564	\$ 531,220 377,898	\$ 498,725 368,645	\$ 584,210 391,337		
3,163,407	(460,224)	3,799,301	2,716,435	6,184,699	(1,925,212)		
(1,344,204) (16,161) (7,852)	(1,471,688) (18,580) (17,591)	(1,424,015) (20,045) (16,543)	(1,385,980) (20,862) (11,465)	(1,544,946) (18,388) (11,383)	(1,764,351) (18,269) (82,653)		
2,564,887	(1,168,759)	3,172,500	2,207,246	5,477,352	(2,814,938)		
21,735,663	24,300,550	23,131,791	26,304,291	28,511,537	33,988,889		
\$ 24,300,550	\$ 23,131,791	\$ 26,304,291	\$ 28,511,537	\$ 33,988,889	\$ 31,173,951		
\$ 363,605	\$ 2,513,930	\$ 544,929	\$ 1,362,923	\$ (3,103,203)	\$ 391,811		
98.53%	90.20%	97.97%	95.44%	110.05%	98.76%		
\$ 4,716,270	\$ 4,856,160	\$ 5,082,399	\$ 5,398,534	\$ 5,266,363	\$ 5,590,527		
7.71%	51.77%	10.72%	25.25%	-58.92%	7.01%		

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Fiscal Year Ended September 30	Ended Determined			Actual Employer Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		ensionable Covered Payroll (1)	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll		
2014	\$	418,687	\$	418,687	\$	_	\$	4,157,786	10.07%		
2015	'	428,369	'	428,369	'	-		4,313,925	9.93%		
2016		454,474		454,474		-		4,572,224	9.94%		
2017		439,556		439,556		-		4,715,270	9.32%		
2018		459,392		459,392		-		4,716,270	9.74%		
2019		477,238		477,238		-		5,082,399	9.39%		
2020		531,220		531,220		-		5,398,543	9.84%		
2021		498,725		498,725		-		5,266,363	9.47%		
2022		559,072		559,072		-		5,493,813	10.18%		
2023		545,770		545,770		-		5,724,089	9.53%		

⁽¹⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

Note: This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2014 is not available.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Valuation Timing

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each

December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which

the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 17.3 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2022

valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including

inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of investment expenses, including inflation.

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to

commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average

age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and 120%

of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected

with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the

Schedule of Employer Contributions

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assmptions were

reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were

reflected.

2022: New investment return and inflation assumptions were

reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of

Employer Contributions

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits

earned after 2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule

2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.

2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.

2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.

2022: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

Schedule.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Measurement Date September 30,	 2018	 2019	2020		
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assmptions Benefit payments	\$ 114,644 90,215 - - (220,330)	\$ 119,299 84,932 - - (220,330)	\$	119,299 91,855 (214,238) 47,769 (85,705)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	(15,471)	(16,099)		(41,020)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 2,217,562	 2,202,091		2,185,992	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 2,202,091	\$ 2,185,992	\$	2,144,972	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,510,172	\$ 4,150,172	\$	4,830,933	
Total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	48.82%	52.67%		44.40%	

Note: This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2018 is not available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Changes in Benefits

There were no changes in benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

 2021		2022	2023					
\$ 153,193 50,745 - - - (85,705)	\$	153,193 53,271 (332,394) (409,646) (97,577)	\$	102,221 80,302 - - (97,577)				
118,233		(633,153)		84,946				
 2,144,972		2,263,205		1,630,052				
\$ 2,263,205	<u>\$</u>	1,630,052	<u>\$</u>	1,714,998				
\$ 4,830,933	\$	5,170,075	\$	5,170,075				
46.85%		31.53%		33.17%				

NOTES TO OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Valuation date September 30, 2022

Measurement date September 30, 2023

Methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Method Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method - Level

Percentage of Projected Salary.

Service Cost Determined for each employee as the Actuarial Present

Value of Benefits allocated to the valuation year. The benefit attributed to the valuation year is that incremental portion of the total projected benefit earned during the year in accordance with the plan's benefit formula. This allocation is based on each participant's service between

date of hire and date of expected termination.

Total OPEB Liability The Actuarial Present Value of Benefits allocated to all

periods prior to the valuation year.

Discount Rate 4.77% (2.27% real rate of return plus 2.5% inflation)

Health Care Cost TrendLevel 4.5% for medical and level 3% for dental.

Mortality RPH-2014 Total Table with Projection MP-2021

Turnover Rates varying based on gender, age and select and ultimate

at 15 years. Rates based on the TCDRS actuarial assumptions form the 2017 retirement plan valuation $\frac{1}{2}$

report.

Disability None assumed

Retiree Contributions Retirees pays the remaining contribution rate above the

monthly stipend of \$300 paid by the County to the retiree.

The retiree also pays the full cost of dental coverage.

Salary Scale 3.50%

Data Assumptions 100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare

coverage will continue with the same coverage.

Coverage 35% of all actives who currently have healthcare coverage

will continue with coverage upon retirement. For those with family coverage 25% will elect to continue with familay coverage and the remainder will elect invidivual coverage.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Budgetary Information

The Commissioners' Court adopted an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund and Road and Bridge Fund, which is included in the Special Revenue Funds. The County is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenue and expenditures for each of these funds. The County compares the final amended budget to actual revenue and expenditures. An appropriated budget is not adopted for the American Rescue Plan or Coastal Impact Assistance Funds.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budget:

- 1. Prior to September 1, the County prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is prepared on the GAAP basis of accounting.
- 2. Public meetings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is then legally enacted through adoption by the Commissioners' Court. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Court. Amendments are presented to the Court at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Court approval. As required by law, such amendments made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Court, and are not made after fiscal year-end. Because the County has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. However, none of these were significant.
- 4. Each budget is controlled at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Court. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.
- 5. Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at September 30, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. The County had no outstanding end-of-year encumbrances.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

					Spec	cial Revenue				
	Re	Bridge placement	Highway		Road and Bridge No. 1		Road and Bridge No. 2		F	Road and Bridge No. 3
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	358,612	\$	-	\$	180,918	\$	83,347	\$	274,504
Receivables, net	·	-		171,903		-		-	·	-
Prepaid items		-		21,972		7,226		5,646		4,891
Total assets		358,612		193,875		188,144		88,993		279,395
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		-		1,323		846		664		173
Accured wages payable		-		-		10,727		8,644		8,540
Due to other funds		-		154,648		-		-		-
Unearned revenue						115,000				
Total liabilities				155,971		126,573		9,308		8,713
FUND BALANCE										
Restricted for:										
Public transportation		358,612		37,904		61,571		79,685		270,682
Total fund balances		358,612		37,904		61,571		79,685		270,682
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources and fund balances	\$	358,612	\$	193,875	\$	188,144	\$	88,993	\$	279,395

Special Revenue

Road and Bridge No. 4		Lateral Road		Equipment Replacement No. 1		quipment placement No. 2	uipment blacement No. 3	Rep	luipment blacement No. 4	Total Road and Bridge		
\$	430,789 -	\$	-	\$	685 -	\$ 152,086 -	\$ 47,917 -	\$	74,161 -	\$	1,603,019 171,903	
	6,282		-		-	-	-		-		46,017	
	437,071		-		685	 152,086	47,917		74,161		1,820,939	
	12,600		_		-	-	_		-		15,606	
	9,061		-		-	-	-		-		36,972	
	_		-		-	-	-		-		154,648	
			-		-	 -	 -				115,000	
	21,661					 	 				322,226	
	415,410		_		685	152,086	47,917		74,161		1,498,713	
					685							
	415,410		-		003	 152,086	 47,917		74,161		1,498,713	
\$	437,071	\$	-	\$	685	\$ 152,086	\$ 47,917	\$	74,161	\$	1,820,939	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Bridge				Road and Bridge		Road and Bridge		Road and Bridge
	Replacem	ent	 Highway		No. 1	No. 2		No. 3	
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ 221,412	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Charges for services		-	142,561		-		-		-
Licenses and permits		-	427,743		-		-		-
Investment earnings	16,	637	-		14,452		18,032		20,396
Miscellaneous		-	 -		5,358		2,064		1,762
Total revenues	16,	637	 791,716		19,810		20,096		22,158
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public transportation		-	 374,710		560,836		611,387		395,838
Total expenditures		-	 374,710		560,836		611,387		395,838
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	16,	637	 417,006		(541,026)		(591,291)		(373,680)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	50,	000	-		568,250		588,090		469,074
Transfers out		-	 (512,998)		(1,704)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	50,	000	 (512,998)		566,546		588,090		469,074
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	66,	637	(95,992)		25,520		(3,201)		95,394
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	291,	975	 133,896		36,051		82,886		175,288
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 358,	612	\$ 37,904	\$	61,571	\$	79,685	\$	270,682

F	Road and Bridge No. 4	Lateral Road	quipment placement No. 1		quipment placement No. 2	quipment placement No. 3	quipment placement No. 4	Total Road and Bridge
\$	-	\$ 20,756	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 242,168
	-	-	-		-	-	-	142,561
	-	-	-		-	-	-	427,743
	35,787	-	840		7,664	2,193	5,440	121,441
	1,181	 	 		6,460	 	 	 16,825
	36,968	 20,756	 840		14,124	 2,193	 5,440	 950,738
	728,581 728,581	 20,756 20,756	74,785 74,785		41,379 41,379	 <u>-</u>	 76,031 76,031	 2,884,303 2,884,303
	(691,613)	-	(73,945)		(27,255)	2,193	(70,591)	(1,933,565)
	771,240	- - -	21,704 - 21,704		20,000	 20,000	20,000	 2,528,358 (514,702) 2,013,656
	79,627	-	(52,241)		(7,255)	22,193	(50,591)	80,091
	335,783	 -	 52,926	-	159,341	 25,724	 124,752	 1,418,622
\$	415,410	\$ 	\$ 685	\$	152,086	\$ 47,917	\$ 74,161	\$ 1,498,713

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

			Special Re	evenue	!	
	eandoned Motor /ehicles	A	Child Abuse vention		Child Velfare	mmissary elephone
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,653	\$	429	\$	6,976	\$ 40,351
Receivables, net	-		-		-	6,910
Prepaid items	 	<u></u>				
Total assets	 22,653		429		6,976	 47,261
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	714		-		-	-
Accured wages payable	-		-		-	-
Due to other funds	-		-		-	-
Due to others	 					
Total liabilities	 714					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	 		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -		=		<u> </u>	 -
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable	-		-		-	-
Restricted for:						
Grants	-		-		-	-
Special projects	 21,939	-	429		6,976	 47,261
Total fund balances	 21,939		429		6,976	 47,261
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$ 22,653	\$	429	\$	6,976	\$ 47,261

Special Revenue

struction Grants	unty Clerk Records nagement	Re	ounty ecords agement	County pecialty Court	ourthouse Security	urthouse urity JP's
\$ 9,168 - 9,168	\$ 231,121 - - - 231,121	\$	309	\$ 11,810 - - - 11,810	\$ 41,027 - - - 41,027	\$ 3,206 - 166 3,372
- 9,088 - 9,088	- - - -		- - - -	- - - -	14 - - - 14	20 - - - - 20
<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	
80 - 80	 231,121 - 231,121		- 309 309	 11,810 11,810	 41,013 - 41,013	- 3,186 3,352
\$ 9,168	\$ 231,121	\$	309	\$ 11,810	\$ 41,027	\$ 3,372

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

			Special R	evenue		
	District District Attorney Attorney Forfeiture Hot Check		F	District Clerk Records nagement	District Clerk Reserve	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$ 276,081 -	\$	6,187 -	\$	11,253 -	\$ 195,764 -
Prepaid items	 65					
Total assets	 276,146		6,187		11,253	 195,764
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	-		-		-	-
Accured wages payable	254		-		-	-
Due to other funds	-		-		-	-
Due to others	 		3,783			 195,764
Total liabilities	 254		3,783			 195,764
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	 					
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -					 -
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable	65		-		-	-
Restricted for:						
Grants	-		-		-	-
Special projects	 275,827		2,404		11,253	
Total fund balances	 275,892		2,404		11,253	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$ 276,146	\$	6,187	\$	11,253	\$ 195,764

Special Revenue

	Elections Administration		ederal & ate Relief				istorical mmission		Justice Court Tech	Р	luvenile robation iscretion
\$	6,266	\$	1,843	\$	-	\$	30,798	\$	5,008	\$	3,496
	-		-		125,486		-		-		-
							3,527			-	
	6,266		1,843		125,486		34,325		5,008		3,496
	-		-		17,593		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	_		_		_		_		_		_
	-		-		17,593		-		-		-
	-				107,893			-			-
-					107,893						-
	-		-		-		3,527		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		3,496
-	6,266		1,843		<u> </u>		30,798		5,008		-
	6,266		1,843	-			34,325	-	5,008	-	3,496
\$	6,266	\$	1,843	\$	125,486	\$	34,325	\$	5,008	\$	3,496

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

			Special	Revenue	e	
	luvenile robation Grant	Law Enforcement Officers		Law Library		 ediation Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,034	\$	3,665	\$	5,700	\$ 4,126
Receivables, net	-		-		-	-
Prepaid items	 		-	-	-	 -
Total assets	 10,034		3,665		5,700	 4,126
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	36		-		-	-
Accured wages payable	-		-		-	-
Due to other funds	-		-		-	-
Due to others	 					
Total liabilities	 36					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	 					
Total deferred inflows of resources	 					
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable	-		-		-	-
Restricted for:						
Grants	9,998		3,665		5,700	4,126
Special projects	 		-		-	 -
Total fund balances	 9,998		3,665		5,700	 4,126
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$ 10,034	\$	3,665	\$	5,700	\$ 4,126

	Special I	Revenue	Permanent						
F	Sheriff orfeiture	Truancy Prev & Diversion	Memorial Library	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds					
\$	101,315 - - 101,315	\$ 20,263 - - - 20,263	\$ 57,839 - - - 57,839	\$ 1,097,520 141,564 3,758 1,242,842					
	- - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - - -	18,377 254 9,088 199,547 227,266					
	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	107,893 107,893					
	- 101,315 - 101,315	20,263 	50,000 7,839 57,839	53,758 428,616 425,309 907,683					
\$	101,315	\$ 20,263	\$ 57,839	\$ 1,242,842					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

				Special	Revenu	e		
	1	andoned Motor ehicles	Ab	nild ouse ention		Child /elfare		mmissary elephone
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Charges for services				-		-		45,466
Fines and forfeitures		10,776		390		-		-
Investment earnings		-		-		337		-
Miscellaneous		12,769		-		-		
Total revenues		23,545		390		337		45,466
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Judicial		-		-		-		-
Legal		-		-		-		-
Public facilities		-		-		-		-
Public safety		19,023		-		-		77,218
Public transportation								
Environmental protection		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Health and welfare						1,000		
Total expenditures		19,023				1,000		77,218
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		4,522		390		(663)		(31,752)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		(2,340)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-			-	(2,340)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		4,522		390		(663)		(34,092)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		17,417		39		7,639		81,353
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	21,939	\$	429	\$	6,976	\$	47,261

Special Revenue

nstruction Grants	R	inty Clerk Records nagement	Re	ounty ecords agement	S	County pecialty Court	urthouse security	urthouse urity JP's
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
26,668		-		-		-	-	-
-		- 72,158		- 415		- 3,752	- 16,720	- 1,450
-		10,981		338		-	-	-
 -				-			 	
 26,668		83,139		753		3,752	 16,720	 1,450
_		78,409		8,000		_	-	_
-		-		-		-	-	-
-		-		-		-	-	-
26,668		-		-		-	-	-
-		-		-		-	1,664	708
191		-		-		-	-	-
_		-		-		-	-	_
 <u> </u>								
 26,859		78,409		8,000			 1,664	 708
 (191)		4,730		(7,247)		3,752	 15,056	 742
271		-		-		-	-	-
 		<u> </u>		-			 	 -
 271			-		-	-		
80		4,730		(7,247)		3,752	15,056	742
 -		226,391		7,556		8,058	 25,957	 2,610
\$ 80	\$	231,121	\$	309	\$	11,810	\$ 41,013	\$ 3,352

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue								
	A	District Attorney Forfeiture		District Attorney Hot Check		District Clerk Records Management		District Clerk Reserve	
REVENUES			_				_		
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-	
Charges for services		122 601		-		860		-	
Fines and forfeitures		122,681		300		8,679		-	
Investment earnings		9,672 -		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous	-	132,353	-	300	-	9,539			
Total revenues		132,353	-	300		9,539		-	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		-		-		-		-	
Judicial		63,336		-		9,394		-	
Legal		-		-		-		-	
Public facilities		-		-		-		-	
Public safety		-		-		-		-	
Public transportation		-		-		-		-	
Environmental protection		-		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-	
Health and welfare				-				_	
Total expenditures		63,336		-		9,394		-	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		69,017	-	300		145	-		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	
Transfers out		-		-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-				-		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		69,017		300		145		-	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		206,875		2,104		11,108			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	275,892	\$	2,404	\$	11,253	\$		

Special Revenue

lections ninistration		deral & te Relief	Flood Control		istorical mmission	ustice Court Tech	Pr	uvenile robation scretion
\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,367,835	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
-		12,426	-		-	-		-
5,441		93,132	-		-	-		-
-		-	-		-	7,147		382
445 -		1,691 -	-		1,578 -	-		-
5,886	-	107,249	 1,367,835		1,578	 7,147		382
 <u> </u>		· · ·	 		<u> </u>	 		
71,178		-	-		-	-		-
-		-	-		-	6,000		-
-		-	-		-	-		-
-		2,640	-		-	-		-
-		154,754	-		-	-		-
-		-	1 267 025		-	-		-
-		2,883	1,367,835		- 2,175	-		-
_		_	_		-	_		_
 71,178		160,277	 1,367,835		2,175	6,000		-
 (65,292)		(53,028)	 		(597)	 1,147		382
-		-	-		1,429	-		-
 	-		 	-		 -	-	-
 	-	-	 	-	1,429	 -	-	-
(65,292)		(53,028)	-		832	1,147		382
 71,558		54,871	 		33,493	 3,861		3,114
\$ 6,266	\$	1,843	\$ 	\$	34,325	\$ 5,008	\$	3,496

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue									
	Pro	ivenile obation Grant		Law orcement officers		Law Library		ediation Fund		
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Intergovernmental		14		3,170		-		-		
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		9,552		-		
Investment earnings		452		-		-		-		
Miscellaneous		-				<u>-</u> .				
Total revenues		466		3,170		9,552				
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		-		-		-		-		
Judicial		-		-		-		-		
Legal		-		-		10,788		-		
Public facilities		-		-		-		-		
Public safety		806		2,483		-		-		
Public transportation		-		-		-		-		
Environmental protection		-		-		-		-		
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		
Health and welfare										
Total expenditures		806		2,483		10,788				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(340)		687		(1,236)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		
Transfers out		-		-		-		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(340)		687		(1,236)		-		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		10,338		2,978		6,936		4,126		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	9,998	\$	3,665	\$	5,700	\$	4,126		

 Special Revenue		Pe	rmanent		
Sheriff orfeiture	P	Truancy Prev & Diversion		lemorial Library	Total Nonmajor vernmental Funds
\$ -	\$	-	\$	- 1,169	\$ 1,367,835 43,447
-		-		4,530	149,429
53,776		5,946		-	314,124
2,851		-		2,662	31,007
· -		-		, -	12,769
56,627		5,946		8,361	1,918,611
- - - 10,140 - -		-		- - - - - - 7,696	157,587 78,730 10,788 29,308 266,796 191 1,370,718 9,871
 		-			 1,000
 10,140				7,696	 1,924,989
 46,487		5,946		665	 (6,378)
_				_	1,700
_		_		_	(2,340)
 -	-	-		-	 (640)
46,487		5,946		665	(7,018)
 54,828		14,317		57,174	 914,701
\$ 101,315	\$	20,263	\$	57,839	\$ 907,683

ABANDONED MOTOR VEHICLE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 500	\$ 500	\$ 10,776	\$ 10,276
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,450	12,769	7,319
Total revenues	5,500	5,950	23,545	17,595
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public safety	17,800	16,296	19,023	(2,727)
Total expenditures	17,800	16,296	19,023	(2,727)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(12,300)	(10,346)	4,522	14,868
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	7,854	7,854	17,417	(9,563)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	<u>\$ (4,446</u>)	\$ (2,492)	\$ 21,939	\$ 24,431

CHILD WELFARE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgete			
DEVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Investment earnings	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 337	\$ 287
Total revenues	50	50	337	287
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Health and welfare	2,800	2,800	1,000	1,800
Total expenditures	2,800	2,800	1,000	1,800
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,750)	(2,750)	(663)	2,087
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	7,639	7,639	7,639	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 4,889	\$ 4,889	\$ 6,976	\$ 2,087

CHILD ABUSE PREVENTION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts								
	Or	iginal	F	inal	A	ctual	Final Po	nce with Budget - sitive gative)	
REVENUES									
Fines and forfeitures	\$	600	\$	600	\$	390	\$	(210)	
Total revenues		600		600		390		(210)	
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Health and welfare		500		500		-		500	
Total expenditures		500		500		<u>-</u>		500	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		100		100		390		290	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		39		39		39			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	139	\$	139	\$	429	\$	290	

COMMISSARY TELEPHONE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 50,000	<u>\$ 50,000</u>	<u>\$ 45,466</u>	\$ (4,534)
Total revenues	50,000	50,000	45,466	(4,534)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public safety	80,938	80,312	77,218	3,094
Total expenditures	80,938	80,312	77,218	3,094
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(30,938)	(30,312)	(31,752)	(1,440)
Transfers out	_	_	(2,340)	2,340
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	(2,340)	2,340
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(30,938)	(30,312)	(34,092)	(3,780)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	81,353	81,353	81,353	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 50,415	\$ 51,041	\$ 47,261	\$ (3,780)

CONSTRUCTION GRANTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	E	Budgete	d Amou	nts	_			
	Ori	ginal	F	ïnal		Actual	Fina F	ance with I Budget - Positive egative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$		\$		\$	26,668	\$	26,668
Total revenues						26,668		26,668
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public facilities		-		-		26,668		(26,668)
Public transportation		-				191		(191)
Total expenditures						26,859		(26,859)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						(191)		191
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in						271		(271)
Total other financing sources (uses)						271		(271)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE						80		80
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING								
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	_	\$	_	\$	80	\$	80

COUNTY CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	¢ 01.100	¢ 01 100	ф 70.1E0	¢ (0.042)
Fines and forfeitures Investment earnings	\$ 81,100 1,000	\$ 81,100 1,000	\$ 72,158 10,981	\$ (8,942) 9,981
_				
Total revenues	<u>82,100</u>	<u>82,100</u>	<u>83,139</u>	1,039
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government	114,570	114,570	78,409	36,161
Total expenditures	114,570	114,570	78,409	36,161
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(32,470)	(32,470)	4,730	37,200
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	226,391	226,391	226,391	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 193,921	\$ 193,921	\$ 231,121	\$ 37,200

COUNTY RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	Amou	nts				
	Ori	ginal		-inal	A	ctual	Final Po	nce with Budget - sitive gative)
REVENUES			·					
Fines and forfeitures	\$	600	\$	600	\$	415	\$	(185)
Investment earnings		-		-		338		338
Total revenues		600		600		753		153
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government		8,000		8,000		8,000		-
Total expenditures		8,000		8,000		8,000		_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(7,400)		(7,400)		(7,247)		153
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		7,556		7,556		7,556		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	<u>\$</u>	156	\$	156	\$	309	\$	153

COUNTY SPECIALTY COURT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
DEVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures Total revenues	\$ 3,200 3,200	\$ 3,200 3,200	\$ 3,752 3,752	\$ 552 552
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Judicial	11,000	11,000		11,000
Total expenditures	11,000	11,000		11,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(7,800)	(7,800)	3,752	11,552
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	8,058	8,058	8,058	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 258	<u>\$ 258</u>	\$ 11,810	<u>\$ 11,552</u>

COURTHOUSE SECURITY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Fines and forfeitures	<u>\$ 13,650</u>	<u>\$ 13,650</u>	<u>\$ 16,720</u>	<u>\$ 3,070</u>
Total revenues	13,650	13,650	16,720	3,070
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public safety	31,369	31,369	1,664	29,705
Total expenditures	31,369	31,369	1,664	29,705
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(17,719)	(17,719)	15,056	32,775
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	25,957	25,957	25,957	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 8,238	\$ 8,238	\$ 41,013	\$ 32,775

COURTHOUSE SECURITY - JP'S FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 1,100	<u>\$ 1,100</u>	<u>\$ 1,450</u>	<u>\$ 350</u>
Total revenues	1,100	1,100	1,450	350
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public safety	2,800	2,800	708	2,092
Total expenditures	2,800	2,800	708	2,092
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,700)	(1,700)	742	2,442
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	2,610	2,610	2,610	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 910	\$ 910	\$ 3,352	\$ 2,442

DISTRICT ATTORNEY HOT CHECK FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
DEVENUES	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures Total revenues	<u>\$ -</u> -	\$ - -	\$ 300 300	\$ 300 300
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Judicial	1,963	1,963		1,963
Total expenditures	1,963	1,963		1,963
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,963)	(1,963)	300	2,263
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	2,104	2,104	2,104	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	<u>\$ 141</u>	\$ 141	\$ 2,404	\$ 2,263

DISTRICT CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

DEVENUE	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures Charges for services Total revenues	\$ 5,100 800 5,900	\$ 5,100 800 5,900	\$ 8,679 860 9,539	\$ 3,579 60 3,639	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Judicial Total expenditures	9,394 9,394	9,394 9,394	9,394 9,394	-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,494)	(3,494)	145	3,639	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	11,108	11,108	11,108		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 7,614	\$ 7,614	\$ 11,253	\$ 3,639	

ELECTIONS ADMINISTRATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

DEVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 1,000	\$ 6,456	\$ 5,441	\$ (1,015)	
Investment earnings	15	φ 0,430 15	445	430	
Total revenues	1,015	6,471	5,886	(585)	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government	74,998	43,199	71,178	(27,979)	
Total expenditures	74,998	43,199	71,178	(27,979)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(73,983)	(36,728)	(65,292)	(28,564)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	71,558	71,558	71,558		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ (2,425)	\$ 34,830	\$ 6,266	\$ (28,564)	

FEDERAL & STATE RELEIF FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Amounts			
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,426	\$ 12,426
Charges for services	Ψ -	-	93,132	93,132
Investment earnings	150	150	1,691	1,541
Total revenues	<u> 150</u>	150	107,249	107,099
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public facilities	-	-	2,640	(2,640)
Public safety	67,144	4,352	154,754	(150,402)
Enviromental protection			2,883	(2,883)
Total expenditures	<u>67,144</u>	4,352	<u>160,277</u>	(155,925)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(66,994)	(4,202)	(53,028)	(48,826)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	54,871	54,871	54,871	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ (12,123)	\$ 50,669	<u>\$ 1,843</u>	\$ (48,826)

FLOOD CONTROL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
DEVENUEC	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	\$ 1,341,570	¢ 1 2/1 E70	¢ 1 267 025	\$ 26,265
Property taxes		\$ 1,341,570	\$ 1,367,835	
Total revenues	1,341,570	1,341,570	1,367,835	26,265
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Environmental protection	1,341,570	1,341,570	1,367,835	(26,265)
Total expenditures	1,341,570	1,341,570	1,367,835	(26,265)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING				
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$

HISTORICAL COMMISSION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Investment earnings	\$ 200	\$ 200	<u>\$ 1,578</u>	\$ 1,378
Total revenues	200	200	1,578	1,378
EXPENDITURES Current: Culture and recreation	34,199	34,199	2,175	32,024
Total expenditures	34,199	34,199	2,175	32,024
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(33,999)	(33,999)	(597)	33,402
Transfers in	1,429	1,429	1,429	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,429	1,429	1,429	
, sa sa sa sa sa sa (sa sa ,				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(33,999)	(33,999)	832	34,831
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	33,493	33,493	33,493	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ (506)	<u>\$ (506</u>)	\$ 34,325	\$ 34,831

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Budgeted Amounts										
	Original Fi									
REVENUES			-							
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 122,681	\$ 121,681						
Investment earnings	1,000	1,000	9,672	8,672						
Total revenues	2,000	2,000	<u>132,353</u>	130,353						
EXPENDITURES Current: Judicial	<u>71,445</u>	<u>71,445</u>	63,336	8,109						
Total expenditures	71,445	71,445	63,336	8,109						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(69,445)	(69,445)	69,017	138,462						
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	206,875	206,875	206,875							
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 137,430	\$ 137,430	\$ 275,892	\$ 138,462						

JUSTICE COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Budgeted Amounts										
	C	Original Final Actual						Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	,									
Fines and forfeitures Total revenues	\$	4,600 4,600	<u>\$</u>	4,600 4,600	\$	7,147 7,147	<u>\$</u>	2,547 2,547		
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Judicial		8,200		8,200		6,000		2,200		
Total expenditures		8,200		8,200		6,000		2,200		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,600)		(3,600)		1,147		4,747		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		3,861	_	3,861		3,861				
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	261	\$	261	\$	5,008	\$	4,747		

JUVENILE PROBATION DISCRETION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted						
	Original Final				ı	Actual	Final Po	ance with Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$		\$	382	\$	382
Total revenues						382		382
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public safety		1,483		1,483				1,483
Total expenditures		1,483		1,483				1,483
		(4. 402)		(4.402)		202		1.065
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,483)		(1,483)		382		1,865
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		3,114		3,114		3,114		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	1,631	\$	1,631	\$	3,496	\$	1,865

JUVENILE PROBATION GRANT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted							
	Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14	\$	14	
Investment earnings		-		-		452		452	
Total revenues						466		466	
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Total expenditures		1,000 1,000		635 635	_	806 806		(171) (171)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,000)		(635)		(340)	_	295	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		10,338		10,338		10,338			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	9,338	\$	9,703	\$	9,998	\$	295	

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS EDUCATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted							
	Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES				_		_		-	
Intergovernmental	\$	3,249	\$	3,170	\$	3,170	\$		
Total revenues		3,249		3,170		3,170			
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Public safety		6,225		6,057		2,483		3,574	
Total expenditures		6,225		6,057		2,483		3,574	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(2,976)		(2,887)		687		<u>3,574</u>	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		2,978		2,978		2,978			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	2	\$	91	\$	3,665	\$	3,574	

LAW LIBRARY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts					
	C)riginal		Final	,	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Fines and forfeitures	\$	7,445	\$	7,445	\$	9,552	\$	2,107	
Total revenues		7,445		7,445		9,552		2,107	
EXPENDITURES Current: Legal Total expenditures		12,703 12,703		12,703 12,703		10,788 10,788		1,915 1,915	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(5,258)		(5,258)		(1,236)		4,022	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		6,936		6,936		6,936			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	1,678	\$	1,678	\$	5,700	\$	4,022	

MEMORIAL LIBRARY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	Amo	unts				
	Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,169	\$	169
Charges for services		4,500		4,500		4,530		30
Investment earnings		520		520		2,662		2,142
Total revenues		6,020		6,020		8,361		2,341
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Culture and recreation		9,100		9,100		7,696		1,404
Total expenditures		9,100		9,100		7,696		1,404
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,080)		(3,080)		665		3,745
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		57,174		57,174		57,174		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	54,094	<u>\$</u>	54,094	\$	57,839	\$	3,745

SHERIFF FORFEITURE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Final			Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,776	\$	53,776
Investment earnings		200		200		2,851		2,651
Total revenues		200		200		56,627		56,427
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public safety		13,000		3,911		10,140		(6,229)
Total expenditures		13,000		3,911		10,140		(6,229)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(12,800)		(3,711)		46,487		50,198
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		54,828		54,828		54,828		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	42,028	\$	51,117	\$	101,315	\$	50,198

TRUANCY PREVENTION & DIVERSION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final	Actual	Final P	ance with Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 5,946	\$	946
Total revenues		5,000		5,000	 5,946		946
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Culture and recreation		19,000		19,000	-		19,000
Total expenditures		19,000		19,000	-		19,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(14,000)		(14,000)	 5,946		19,946
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		14,317		14,317	 14,317		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	317	\$	317	\$ 20,263	\$	19,946



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Waco, Texas 76710



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Jackson County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas June 28, 2024

Waco, Texas 76710



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL **OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH** THE TEXAS GRANT MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Jackson County, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

Opinion on Each Major State program

We have audited Jackson County, Texas' (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Texas Grant Management Standards that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major state programs for the year ended September 30, 2023. The County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of the Texas Grant Management Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Texas Grant Management Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards and the Texas Grant Management Standards will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County's compliance with the requirements of each major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Texas Grant Management Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
 to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the Texas Grant Management Standards, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state programs on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state programs will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state programs that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Texas Grant Management Standards. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas June 28, 2024

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

State Grantor/Program Title	State Grantors Number	Total State Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients	
Office of the Attorney General				
Direct program:	0.04406			
Statewide Automated Vicitms Notification Service	C-01126	\$ 480 5.130	\$ -	
Statewide Automated Vicitms Notification Service Victim Coordinator and Liason Grant	C-00313 C-00053	5,128 26,828	- -	
Total Office of the Attorney General	C-00033	32,436		
Total Office of the Attorney General		32,430		
Texas Department of Motor Vehicles				
Passed through Travis County:				
Texas Automobile Theft Prevention Authority	N/A	35,496		
Total Texas Department of Motor Vehicles		35,496		
Office of the Governor - Criminal Justice Division				
Direct programs:				
Operation Lone Star	4388302	603,291	-	
Body Worn Camera Enhancement Project	4380701	14,806		
Total Office of the Governor - Criminal Justice				
Division		618,097		
Toyan Donardment of Transportation				
Texas Department of Transportation				
Direct programs:	02.121	205 172		
County Transportation Infrastructure Fund	02 121	205,173	-	
Routine Airport Maintenance Program	M2313EDDN	<u>25,404</u>		
Total Texas Department of Transportation		230,577	-	
Total Expenditures of State Awards		\$ 916,606	\$ -	
Total Experiatores of State Awards		Ψ 310,000	Ψ	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards (the "Schedule") includes the state grant activity of the County under programs of the State of Texas for the year ended September 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Texas Grant Management Standards. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended and does not present the financial position, changes in net position/fund balance or cash flows of the County.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Jackson County, Texas, accounts for state funding using the modified accrual method of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for certain compensated absences, claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Equipment purchases for grant purposes are treated as expenditures in the Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards. State grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of qualifying expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenue until earned. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

Type of auditors' report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

State Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required

to be reported in accordance with the Texas

Grant Management Standards No

Identification of major programs:

State Grant Number

4388302

Name of State Program

Operation Lone Star

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are
Required to be Reported in Accordance With
Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

None

Findings and Questioned Costs for State Awards

None

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

None

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